	20-cv-03129-SVW-GJS	Document 43	Filed 06/05/20	Page 1 of 9	Page ID #:331
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7	UNI	FED STATES	DISTRICT CO	HRT	
8	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
9	COLUMBIA PICTURES INDUSTRIES, INC. , CASE NO:				
10	et al.		2:20-cv-0312	29–SVW–GJ	S
11	Plaintiff(s	3),	CIVIL TRIA ORDER	L PREPARA	ATION
12	V.	. 1	Pretrial Conf	·	
13	ALEJANDRO GALINDO , e	et al.	10/5/2020 at 3		
14			Jury Trial: 10/13/2020 at	0.00	
15	Defendant((s).	10/15/2020 at	9:00 a.m.	
16					
17			_		
18	The above-mentioned cause of action is set for trial before the Honorable				
19	Stephen V. Wilson. Counsel preparing for trial before this Court <u>shall</u> comply				
20	with this Order. Non-c	ompliance will	be subject to sar	nctions.	
21	///				
22	///				
23					
24	///				
25					
26					
27					
28	///				

A. JURY CASES

1. **JURY INSTRUCTIONS**

In a jury trial, jury instructions and a verdict form are to be submitted not later than 2 court days prior to the pretrial conference or 1 week prior to trial if pretrial conference is waived. Counsel need only submit proposed substantive jury instructions, the Court propounds its own general instructions and essentially follows the format set out in the *Ninth Circuit Model Jury Instructions*.

a) Form of Jury Instructions and Verdict Forms:

The parties **MUST** submit **JOINT** jury instructions and a joint verdict form. In order to produce these joint instructions, the parties **SHALL MEET**AND CONFER sufficiently in advance of the required submission date. The instructions should be submitted in the order in which the parties wish to have the instructions read. This order should reflect a single organized sequence agreed to by all of the parties. The Court INSISTS upon receiving lucid and accurate instructions setting forth the elements of each party's claim and defenses. The instructions should be tailored to the facts of each case.

b) <u>Procedure for Instructions Upon Which Agreement</u>

<u>Cannot be Reached:</u>

Instructions shall be submitted in three (3) sets (with an extra copy for the Court's law clerks) in the following form:

- 1. The agreed upon instructions.
- 2. Those instructions propounded by plaintiff, opposed by defendant.
- 3. Those instructions propounded by defendant, opposed by plaintiff.

Instructions upon which agreement cannot be reached should reflect the basic disagreements among the parties as to the law. While the Court recognizes

B. <u>COURT TRIALS</u>

Counsel for plaintiff(s) and defendant(s) in non-jury trials shall submit the direct testimony of their witnesses in writing in the format of a declaration subject to the penalties of perjury. These declarations shall be in admissible form with appropriate foundations established for the declarant's statements. Paragraphs in each declaration shall be numbered consecutively so as to facilitate the identification of paragraphs for evidentiary objections.

Counsel are to exchange and file these declarations with the Court at least eight calendar days before trial, unless otherwise ordered by this Court. Four calendar days before trial, counsel may file a separate document stating any evidentiary objections he or she may have with each declaration.

At trial the Court will rule on the evidentiary objections and, depending upon the rulings, the declarations will be received in evidence either in whole or in-part or rejected. Counsel will then conduct the cross-examination and re-direct examination at trial. This Order does not apply to rebuttal witnesses.

Failure to comply with the literal terms of this Order will result in sanctions or the refusal of the Court to allow the testimony of that witness.

C. WAIVER OF PRETRIAL CONFERENCE

In those cases where the Court waives a pretrial conference, counsel shall file memos of contentions of fact and conclusions of law, trial briefs, exhibit lists, witness lists, etc., at least one week prior to trial.

D. PROCEDURES PRIOR TO TRIAL

- 1. In the event this Court chooses to vacate the scheduled status conference, this civil trial preparation order serves as your FRCP 16(b) scheduling order. The parties should have already conducted their FRCP 26(f) conference at this time. No additional scheduling order will issue.
- 2. The discovery process should begin following the issuance of this Order. Parties should conduct discovery in accord with the Federal Rules to the

fullest extent possible. If the trial dates set by the Court require adjustments to the discovery deadlines in the Federal Rules, the parties should file a stipulation to adjust them.

- 3. Discovery disputes of a significant nature should be brought promptly before the Magistrate Judge, as provided in this Court's Standing Order. The Court does not look favorably upon delay resulting from unnecessarily unresolved discovery disputes. Any discovery disputes that are not resolved three (3) weeks prior to the scheduled trial date should be brought promptly and directly to the attention of this Court.
- 4. If you are intending to use any depositions for impeachment or any purpose, arrange to have them lodged with the Courtroom Deputy Clerk on the first day of trial if they are in your control, or request opposing counsel to do the same for depositions in his or her control. Otherwise, be prepared to lodge a copy in lieu of the original with a stipulation that the copy may be used as if it were the original.
- 5. Come to the courtroom NOT LATER THAN 8:30 a.m. on the first day of trial and present the Courtroom Deputy Clerk with the following documents:
- a) THREE COPIES of your previously filed exhibit list in the form specified in Local Rule 16-6. When the exhibit is objected to, add after description of each exhibit, the words "OBJECTED TO." (Photographs, charts etc. and each document shall be listed on the exhibit list.) Blow-ups of previously marked exhibits shall receive an "A" designation following the exhibit number.
- b) THREE COPIES of your previously filed witness list. It will be assumed that each listed witness will testify live unless following his or her name you state "by deposition." (See marking of depositions, item #7.)
- c) In Court trials, <u>ONE COPY</u> of each of your previously filed witness' declarations.
 - d) <u>ALL</u> of your exhibits, with <u>official</u> exhibit tags attached,

- 2 Courtroom Deputy Clerk not later than 8:30 a.m. on the first day of trial.
- 3 Official exhibit tags are available from the Civil Intake Window in the Clerk's
- 4 Office, Room G-19. Exhibits shall be marked in accordance with Local Rule
- 5 11-5.3 and 16-5.1. A separate number is <u>NOT</u> given to each page of a single
- 6 document.
 - e) In civil cases, equipment such as a video tape player, tape recorder, projector, shadow box, large drawing paper, etc., are no longer provided by the Court. You must arrange to bring your own equipment. You may bring the equipment into the courthouse but courthouse regulations require a "Letter of Authority" from the Court Liaison to remove the equipment from the building. A "Letter of Authority" may be obtained by notifying the Court Liaison at (213) 894–0222.
 - 6. The Court finds it helpful to follow the testimony closely and thus, counsel MUST have the following available:
 - a) A bench book containing a copy of <u>all</u> exhibits that can, as a practical matter be reproduced. Each exhibit shall be marked with a tab identifying the exhibit's number for easy reference.
 - b) An extra copy of each deposition that will be used in lieu of live testimony or for impeachment.
 - 7. Counsel are advised to be on time as the Court starts promptly. Usual "trial days" are Tuesdays through Fridays, 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Lunch recess is normally 12:00 noon to 1:00 p.m. Morning and afternoon breaks are 10 minutes in length.
 - 8. Before trial commences, the Court will give counsel an opportunity to discuss, in advance, housekeeping matters and anticipated problems of procedure or law. During the trial, if there are any housekeeping matters you wish to discuss, please inform the Courtroom Deputy Clerk of the types of

- 9. Where witnesses testify by deposition, please do the following:
- a) Mark with colored pen or pencil on the original of the deposition the parts you will be offering. Plaintiff will use <u>blue</u> and defendant will use <u>red</u>.
- b) In a jury case, the marked portions of the deposition may be read to the jury. You can arrange with opposing counsel or co-counsel to have someone in the witness chair read the witness' answers.

E. INSTRUCTIONS TO COUNSEL GOVERNING TRIALS IN THIS COURT

- 1. During trial counsel <u>shall not</u> refer to their clients by their first names.
- 2. Opening statements, examination of witnesses and closing arguments should be made from the lectern only. Ask permission before leaving the lectern.
- 3. The Court views opening statements in a jury case as one of the most important parts of the case. These statements should be well organized. Avoid discussing the law or arguing the case in opening statements. Tell the jury what facts the evidence will establish.
- 4. Do not use objections for the purpose of making a speech, recapitulating testimony or, attempting to guide the witness. When objecting, state only that you are objecting and the legal ground of the objection, e.q., hearsay, irrelevant, etc. If you wish to argue an objection further, ask for permission to do so.
- 5. Speak up when making an objection. The acoustics in most courtrooms make it difficult for all to hear an objection when it is being made. Counsel must speak audibly and clearly when questioning witnesses or arguing to the Court or jury. Counsel should instruct their witnesses to speak audibly and

- 2 3

- 6. Do not approach the Clerk or the witness box without specific permission. Go back to the lectern when the purpose of the approach is finished.
- 7. <u>Rise</u> when addressing the Court. In a jury case, please rise when the jury enters or leaves the Courtroom.
- 8. Address all remarks to the Court. Do not address the clerk, the reporter, or opposing counsel. If you want to say something to opposing counsel, ask permission to talk to him or her off the record. All requests for the re-reading of questions or answers, or to have an exhibit placed in front of a witness, shall be addressed to the Court.
- 9. In a jury case, do not make an offer of a stipulation unless you have conferred with opposing counsel and have reason to believe the stipulation will be accepted.
- 10. While Court is in session, do not leave the counsel table to confer with investigators, secretaries, paralegals, or witnesses in the back of the courtroom unless permission is granted in advance.
- 11. Counsel should not by facial expression, nodding, or other conduct which exhibit any opinions, adverse or favorable, concerning any testimony which is being given by a witness or any ruling by the Court. Counsel shall admonish their own clients and witnesses similarly to avoid such conduct.
- 12. When a party has more than one lawyer, only one may conduct the direct or cross-examination of a given witness.
- 13. If a witness was on the stand at a recess or adjournment, have the witness back on the stand, ready to proceed when Court resumes.
- 14. <u>Do not run out of witnesses</u>. If you are out of witnesses and there is more than a brief delay, the Court may deem that you have rested.
 - 15. The Court attempts to cooperate with doctors and other

Case 2	20-cv-03129-SVW-GJS Document 43 Filed 06/05/20 Page 9 of 9 Page ID #:339 professional witnesses and will, except in extraordinary circumstances,				
2	accommodate them by permitting them to be put on out of sequence. Anticipate				
3	any such possibility and discuss it with opposing counsel. If there is objection,				
4	confer with the Court in advance.				
5	IT IS SO ORDERED.				
6	Stephen Hillion				
7	DATED: June 5, 2020				
8	Stephen V. Wilson United States District Judge				
9	Officed States District Judge				
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21					
22					
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					